Amdahl Corporation (AMEX: AMH) is a major supplier of large scale mainframe computers, Unix system software and servers, data storage subsystems, data communication products, application development software, and a variety of educational and consulting services. Amdahl products are sold in more than 30 countries for use across all types of computing environments.
Amdahl Corporation

With over 1,600 major customer sites worldwide, Amdahl Corporation is a leader in developing and integrating large-scale systems and enterprise-wide solutions that address the business and information needs of leading organizations worldwide. As information systems have become increasingly central to corporate business strategies, Amdahl has developed a wide range of advanced information services and solutions for the whole enterprise, from the largest data center right down to the desktop. Amdahl products and services are designed for both IBM-compatible and open systems computing environments.

From the delivery of its first processor in 1975 to today's only twelve-way multiprocessors, Amdahl has continually extended the capacity and functionality of enterprise-level computing. Working closely with many of the world's leading corporations for over twenty years, Amdahl has pioneered the consultancy services, application development environments, and open systems integration features that enable its customers to maximize their worldwide investment in information systems.

The products and services provided by Amdahl are: large-scale System/390 mainframe computers and enterprise servers, advanced mid-range departmental systems, high-capacity storage subsystems, rapid application development and data integration environments, network integration, consultancy, service and support. Fully scalable Open Systems operating environments running native from the very largest enterprise server to the desktop workstation.

Since its inception in 1970, Amdahl Corporation has built on a series of strategic relationships with leading technology providers. This has enabled the company to remain constantly at the forefront of all areas of corporate-level computing. Today, its network of strategic alliances allows Amdahl to extend its advanced solutions through every level of the enterprise, right down to workgroup computing and desktop workstations.

John C. Lewis
Chairman of the Board

E. Joseph Zemke
President and Chief Executive Officer

Jack Lewis joined Amdahl Corporation in 1977 as President and became Chairman in 1987. He also served as Chief Executive Officer from 1983 to 1992. Prior to joining Amdahl, Mr. Lewis was President of Xerox Business Systems, served as President of Xerox Data Systems, and spent 10 years with IBM's Service Bureau Corp. He holds a bachelor of science degree in accounting from California State University, Fresno, CA.

Joe Zemke was named President in 1987 and became Chief Executive Officer in 1992. He joined Amdahl in 1985 as Chief Operating Officer. Prior to that, Mr. Zemke was President and Chief Executive Officer of Auto-Trol Technology. He also spent 18 years with IBM in various senior marketing positions. He holds a masters degree from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, where he was a Sloan Fellow, and a bachelor's degree from the University of Detroit.
Financial Profile

Summarized Quarterly Financial Data ( unaudited )

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>First</th>
<th>Second</th>
<th>Third</th>
<th>Fourth</th>
<th>Year</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fiscal Quarter and Year 1994</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenues</td>
<td>$378,791</td>
<td>$396,909</td>
<td>$364,210</td>
<td>$498,703</td>
<td>$1,638,613</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gross margin</td>
<td>$129,069</td>
<td>$140,514</td>
<td>$138,145</td>
<td>$187,321</td>
<td>$595,049</td>
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<tr>
<td>Income before taxes</td>
<td>$7,110</td>
<td>$13,166</td>
<td>$15,493</td>
<td>$44,485</td>
<td>$80,254</td>
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<tr>
<td>Net income</td>
<td>$7,110</td>
<td>$12,516</td>
<td>$14,293</td>
<td>$40,885</td>
<td>$74,804</td>
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<tr>
<td>Net Income per common share</td>
<td>$0.06</td>
<td>$0.11</td>
<td>$0.12</td>
<td>$0.34</td>
<td>$0.63</td>
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Fiscal Quarter and Year 1993

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>First</th>
<th>Second</th>
<th>Third</th>
<th>Fourth</th>
<th>Year</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenues</td>
<td>$380,713</td>
<td>$463,206</td>
<td>$393,673</td>
<td>$442,940</td>
<td>$1,680,532</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gross margin</td>
<td>$82,709</td>
<td>$139,402</td>
<td>$105,264</td>
<td>$120,647</td>
<td>$448,022</td>
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<tr>
<td>Loss before taxes</td>
<td>$(340,353)</td>
<td>$(29,599)</td>
<td>$(296,930)</td>
<td>$(46,860)</td>
<td>$(713,742)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Loss before accounting change</td>
<td>$(248,453)</td>
<td>$(23,699)</td>
<td>$(275,730)</td>
<td>$(40,860)</td>
<td>$(588,742)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Net loss</td>
<td>$(239,707)</td>
<td>$(23,699)</td>
<td>$(275,730)</td>
<td>$(40,860)</td>
<td>$(579,996)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Loss per common share:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loss before accounting change</td>
<td>$(2.19)</td>
<td>$(0.21)</td>
<td>$(2.41)</td>
<td>$(0.36)</td>
<td>$(5.17)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net loss</td>
<td>$(2.12)</td>
<td>$(0.21)</td>
<td>$(2.41)</td>
<td>$(0.36)</td>
<td>$(5.09)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Company History

Founded in October 1970, the company’s aims were to bring competition to the large systems marketplace by providing cost-efficient high-performance processors that outperformed the competition. From the date of its first delivery, a 470V/E installed in June 1975 at NASA's New York Goddard Spaceflight Center, users have benefited from outstanding price/performance.
## Market Price

The common stock is listed on both the American and London Stock Exchanges. The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the range of high and low sales prices on the American Stock Exchanges-Composite Transactions, as reported by the Wall Street Journal.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1994</th>
<th>High</th>
<th>Low</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Quarter</td>
<td>$ 7 3/8</td>
<td>$ 5 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second Quarter</td>
<td>$ 7 7/8</td>
<td>$ 5 3/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Quarter</td>
<td>$ 10 1/4</td>
<td>$ 5 1/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fourth Quarter</td>
<td>$ 11 1/8</td>
<td>$ 8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1993</th>
<th>High</th>
<th>Low</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Quarter</td>
<td>$ 8 1/2</td>
<td>$ 6 5/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second Quarter</td>
<td>$ 6 1/2</td>
<td>$ 4 5/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third Quarter</td>
<td>$ 6 3/8</td>
<td>$ 4 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fourth Quarter</td>
<td>$ 7 1/8</td>
<td>$ 4 3/8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **June 1975**: Amdahl installs its first computer, a 470V/6, at NASA's Goddard Spaceflight Center in New York. Its performance is nearly double that of the most powerful mainframe than offered by the competition.  
- **August 1976**: Initial public offering of common stock.  
- **March 1977**: Second computer, the 470V/7 announced.  
- **April 1977**: First dividend paid to shareholders.  
- **December 1977**: Stock listed on the American Stock Exchange.  
- **February 1978**: One hundredth 470 computer installed.  
- **April 1978**: Two-for-one stock split.  
- **May 1978**: Dublin, Ireland, manufacturing plant opened; coverage of international markets expanded.  
- **October 1978**: Third computer announced, the 470V/8.  
- **August 1979**: 470 Accelerator announced, an innovation that let 470V/7 users temporarily turn their mainframe into a higher performance model to handle peak workloads.  
- **July 1980**: Tran Telecommunications Corporation
Financial Condition
December 30, 1994 Compared to December 31, 1993

The Company's net cash position (cash and short-term investments net of short-term and long-term debt) improved by $494 million from December 31, 1993 to December 30, 1994. Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments increased $446 million, reflecting cash provided by operating activities and long-term borrowings, which was offset to some extent by cash used for repayments of bank borrowings.

The Company's continued efforts to reduce inventory levels resulted in a decline of $228 million. Net property and equipment decreased $164 million due to the downsizing of the Company as well as ongoing depreciation charges, which exceeded capital spending.

The cash, cash equivalents and short-term investment balances as of December 30, 1994 included approximately $236 million currently invested outside the United States. Repatriation of these investments and cash would give rise to federal taxable income for the year of transfer, taxes for which have been provided.

The Company's valuation allowance against worldwide operating losses, deferred tax assets, and tax credit carryforwards which may expire before the Company can utilize them decreased from $152 million at December 31, 1993 to $112 million at December 30, 1994. The Company believes sufficient uncertainty exists regarding the realizability of these items and accordingly has continued to provide a valuation allowance for them.

At December 31, 1993 $130,000,000 classified as short-term debt was outstanding under the Company's revolving credit agreement with a group of banks. This amount was repaid by the Company upon expiration of the facility on January 31, 1994. In January 1994, the Company and Fujitsu entered into a loan agreement. At December 30, 1994, $80,000,000 was outstanding under this agreement and was classified as long-term debt.

Accounts payable to Fujitsu increased $53 million due to increased purchases of manufacturing materials.

Accrued liabilities decreased $50 million due primarily to charges against accrued restructuring costs, which decreased from $146 million at December 31, 1993 to $88 million at December 30, 1994.
Products and Service Offerings

Hardware solutions

Amdahl's range of hardware products includes mainframe computers and large- and mid-range enterprise servers, storage subsystems, and data communications products.

5995M Processors

Centralized System/390 systems continue to dominate enterprise computing in the 1990s, with demand for performance and throughput capacity continuing to grow. Many factors are driving this growth: the consolidation of workloads; larger transaction-intensive applications; a demand to merge centralized processing with distributed open systems platforms, and requirements to manage and secure growing amounts of mission-critical data.

The 5995M Series of mainframe computers and large-scale servers provides customers with the capacity they need to keep pace with growing applications and databases, and to implement cost-saving data center consolidations. A dozen different models are available, and analysts estimate that the largest 12-way multiprocessors have capacities in excess of 500 MIPS (millions of instructions per second), the highest in the industry.

The field-upgradeable 5995M models offer enterprises a wide range of alternatives for growth and preserving their investment in Amdahl systems. From an entry-level dual processor model, customers can grow to the top-of-the-line twelve-way multiprocessor, achieving nearly a five-fold increase in throughput capacity.

The value of the series is extended by numerous enhancements. These include:

Optimal throughput capacity. Larger main storage configurations help accommodate the throughput requirements and additional growth of large applications.

Improved availability. All 5995M models have concurrent service (ConServe) capability. Expanded storage can be upgraded and serviced without interrupting operations. This capability helps customers meet their critical requirement of total system availability.

Multiple Domain Feature (MDF). Since Amdahl invented processor logical partitioning with MDF in 1985, this capability has become the operating environment of choice for most large computer users. With MDF, a single mainframe can be logically partitioned into as many as 14 domains that simultaneously run different operating systems and workloads. This allows users to maximize the effective capacity of their mainframes, increase application availability, minimize hardware and software costs, tailor software environments to requirements and establish convenient testing facilities. S

Communications processor is introduced, offering up to 30 percent higher performance than previous models. • June 1983: An entry-level 580 model, the 5840 uniprocessor, is announced. Two-for-one stock split. • March 1984: The 5867 dual processor and 5868 multiprocessor expand the 580 Series to seven models. The 6000 Series of storage products is broadened to include the higher-capacity 6380 disk storage unit and the 6880 storage controller with high-speed cache controller feature. • November 1984: Multiple Domain Feature introduced. MDF allows a single computer to be logically partitioned into many different domains, each running independent operating systems and job environments. • October 1985: 5890 Series of mainframes announced. • December 1985: The 6380E storage devices are announced with 5 gigabytes (GB) of storage, twice the capacity of earlier models. • January 1986: UTS/580 announced. This is the first stand
For instance, an MDF-partitioned system might comprise domains running UT5®, Amdahl’s version of UNIX enhanced for the enterprise environment, VM, MVS, VM/ESA, MVS/ESA and MV5/ESA. Some domains may be operating in on-line transaction processing mode (OLTP), while others might be executing large-scale batch jobs. Numerous individual mainframe domains may be running in UTS server mode, supporting client applications and processors throughout the enterprise, while other domains maintain legacy applications and data.

Storage Subsystems

Amdahl data storage products are designed to help customers achieve the proper mixture of performance, capacity, and flexibility in storage management. The product line includes the 6690 Storage Processor and the 6395 Disk Array family.

6690 Storage Processor. Addressing the demands of business-critical applications for the highest possible data availability as well as very high performance and capacity, Amdahl offers the 6690 Storage Processor - a RAID-Ready, high-performance controller that offers up to two gigabytes (Gb) of cache and delivers one terabyte of storage capacity.

The 6690, fully upgradeable from Amdahl’s older 6100 Storage Processor, implements an enhanced global cache as well as larger cache and non-volatile storage capabilities. It is targeted for environments that require very high performance and capacity as well as very high availability from disk storage devices.

The 6690 subsystem availability is enhanced with EasyTracker, an Amdahl storage availability tool that monitors, detects and “calls home” to report subsystem operating problems, allowing preventive action to be taken before a permanent error takes place.

6395 Disk Array. Amdahl’s leading-edge disk array family offers flexible options and excellent value. It delivers performance, capacity and savings — providing a wide range of storage options. The three models address a full range of storage access requirements, providing similarly fast seek times and footprints significantly smaller than previous-generation DASD (direct access storage device).

The 6395-3 satisfies very demanding performance requirements and delivers 90 GB of storage in a single frame.

The 6395-9E is designed for economical, direct access to less active data sets. It gives customers very high capacity, that is three times that of a 6395-3 and the lowest cost per MB of the 6395 family. Although it operates at lower speeds than the other two models in the family, performance is still double that of competitive high-capacity models.

The 6395-5 offers the high performance of the 6395-3 with 50 per cent more storage capacity. It is an exceptional value in high-end, general-purpose disk storage that is ideal for most data center needs.

alone, native Unix System V operating system to be available for large System/370 processors.  
• April 1986: Amdahl announces the 6680 Electronic Direct Access Storage (EDAS) device with input/output (I/O) response times 10 to 12 times faster than conventional disk storage units.  
• June 1986: First of the new 5890 mainframes shipped.  
• January 1987: The Company extends the range of performance options available to mainframe customers by adding a uniprocessor, the 5890-190, to its new family of large-scale systems.  
• February 1987: The 5890-400E three-way processor and four other enhanced “E” model processors are introduced, further expanding the 5890 family of mainframes.  
• June 1987: An entry-level model, the 5890-180E uniprocessor, is added to the Company’s 5890 family.  
• September 1987: Amdahl introduces the 4725 Series of front-end communications processors, offering up to 80 per cent more throughput than earlier 4705E
Data Communications

Amdahl provides high-performance data communications products with modular designs that allow simple expansion and responsive adaptation to change. The company's 4745 Communications Processor provides high throughput and gives users the flexibility of migrating from one type of NCP industry-standard software to another as needs dictate.

Software solutions

Chief among Amdahl's software offerings are the UTS system, the first native UNIX implementation for a large systems environment, and Huron, Amdahl's revolutionary rapid application development environment.

UTS Operating System

The UTS system is a native implementation of UNIX System V that can link large-scale enterprise servers with departmental computers, workstations, PCs, and supercomputers.

Amdahl introduced its first version of the UTS system in 1981, and has added functionality ever since. In 1992, the company announced UTS Release 4, which fully incorporated all the features and connectivity of UNIX SVR4.

In addition, the company has added capabilities to the UTS system that provide full enterprise-level reliability, availability, performance throughput, features and storage handling capabilities far in excess of conventional versions of the UNIX system.

For additional reliability, the UTS system's extended file server functionality provides the data integrity of fully redundant disks without their associated costs. It also enables users to satisfy the enormous data storage and management needs required to provide enterprise-wide systems integration across global operations. Sustained data transfer rates of 25 megabytes per second are supported, and single files can be created of up to 11 terabytes (millions of megabytes). Overall, the UTS system has petabyte (billions of megabytes) system handling capabilities.

In addition, the UTS system is a fully featured large systems operating environment that provides full scalability and can interoperate at peer-to-peer level with every level of corporate computing, from the mainframe to the desktop.

A+ family of software

The A+Edition software is the foundation of the A+ family of data center quality software and middleware designed to deliver, drive and support mission-critical applications within large-scale server environments. The family incorporates products which facilitate distributed systems management, media storage, security and interoperability within heterogeneous, distributed computing environments.

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models. • **May 1988:** 5990 Series of mainframe computers announced, initially including the 5990-700 dual processors and 5990-1400 four-way multi-processor. Performance exceeds 100 MIPS for first time; 6100 Storage Processor and new DASD devices announced. The 6100 is the most advanced storage controller on the market, providing four times the throughput and twice the capacity and connectivity to host mainframes. The 4745 Series of front-end communications processors is introduced, running NCP Version 5 software, and providing 20 per cent more throughput than Amdahl's 4725 processors. • **August 1988:** Two-for-one stock split. • **February 1989:** Amdahl acquires Key Computer Laboratories, Inc., a firm with expertise in computing technologies that will complement future product development efforts. • **April 1989:** Amdahl adds three more models to the 5990 Series: the 5990-350 uniprocessor, 5990-500 entry-level dual processor and
A+UMA and OpenTune. The A+UMA data collection agent is Amdahl's implementation of the Universal Measurement Architecture which defines interfaces for the gathering, management and reporting of systems data. The OpenTune performance monitor is a powerful Motif-based X-client application which analyses UMA-based system performance data.

A+UniTree and A+USER Access. The A+UniTree hierarchical storage manager and A+USER Access back-up system are components of Amdahl's Enterprise File Manager offering, an integrated set of tools designed to centrally manage data across distributed environments. A+UniTree software provides enterprise-wide file system administration. A+User Access software is an automated back-up management and scheduling facility that backs up desktops or servers to more secure and less expensive tape media.

**Application Development, Test and Production**

**System Solutions**

**Huron**

In 1991, Amdahl introduced the revolutionary Huron® application development and production system.

Huron allows customers to develop new applications software in a fraction of the time required with previously available development tools. Maintenance and modification of programs can also be performed much more quickly and at minimal cost.

Huron comprises an object-oriented, iterative prototyping client/server environment. It is a major step forward in resolving the applications backlog that slows not only corporate-level computing, but increasingly, department-level systems.

In addition, Huron provides connectivity to a wide range of MVS and UNIX database and file formats. It can run concurrently under both the MVS and UNIX systems, and can allow full peer-to-peer application level interoperability between proprietary and Open Systems platforms at every level. This connectivity includes both corporate legacy applications and legacy data. Huron thus makes it possible to build enterprise-wide integration that incorporates both open and legacy systems, while still running all systems and existing business applications concurrently.

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5990-1100 three-way multiprocessor. **June 1989**: Amdahl introduces the 6110 high-performance storage system, a significant improvement over previous solid-state devices employing electronic memory. For use with critical, highly active data sets, it can access data up to 80 times faster than conventional disk storage units. **November 1989**: The Company adds a sixth model, the 5990-790 two-way multiprocessor, to the 5990 Series of mainframes. **September 1989**: Amdahl starts shipping computers compatible with Enterprise Systems Architecture and the MVS/ESA operating system. **September 1990**: UTS Release 2.1 announced. This is an advanced version, with large-scale reliability and enhanced connectivity to industry standard mainframe environments. Amdahl announces the 5995 Series of mainframe computers, the most powerful processors in the System/390 marketplace. The 5995-8670M eight-way multiprocessor offers nearly
Consulting, Maintenance, & Educational Services Solutions

Almost 2,000 highly skilled service personnel worldwide focus on assisting customers and maintaining their hardware and software systems at the highest levels of availability in the industry. They accomplish this through the use of advanced support tools and technology and Amdahl's Worldwide Support Centers.

The Company also offers a broad range of objective, practical, hands-on courses ranging from Amdahl product training to open systems and System/390 technical education to general information systems management.

Amdahl also has a cadre of highly qualified profession services consultants with extensive experience in technical, managerial and project management specialties. Their mission is to help customers become proficient in managing their data resources and to ensure they attain the maximum benefits through effective planning and implementation of information services strategies.

A wide range of data center services are also offered, all aimed at allowing customers to extract the utmost in availability and performance from equipment installed in their centers. These services range from performance tuning, capacity planning and configuration management to environmental audits, disaster recovery preparedness and data center relocation to open systems implementation, applications development methodology and workload or technology migrations.

three times the throughput of previous Amdahl mainframes. Other models include the 5995-6670 six-way multiprocessor and the 5995-4570M tetrac (4-CPU) and 5995-3570M triac (3-CPU) processors. Rounding out the series are the 5995-1400A four-way, 5995-1100A three-way and 5995-790A two-way multiprocessors, the 5995-700A and 5995-500A dual processors and the 5995-350A uniprocessor. • October 1990: Amdahl completes its 20th year in business. • March 1991: Huron applications development environment introduced. This completely integrated system includes all the elements needed to develop new applications software in a fraction of the time previously required. Amdahl announces its new 6390 direct-access storage devices, which provide from 7.5GB to 30GB of storage in a single, compact frame. • May 1991: Amdahl unveils enhancements to the 4745 communications processor that boost throughput up to 80 percent and
The New Amdahl

Since 1992, the company has not only redirected itself; it has in many ways reinvented itself. Amdahl has done this to respond to fundamental changes among large global enterprises. Many of these changes are a direct result of market globalization and international trade convergence.

As a result, Amdahl has launched three major initiatives. The industry-standard business has been restructured. The company has been redefined into four strategic areas; System/390, alternative architectures, applications development, and new solutions. To enable this strategy, the company has also been reorganized into four distinct business groups, reflecting these strategic thrusts.

Large corporate customers typically have three levels of requirements for information systems. The most basic is access to appropriate technologies. The second level is solving information technology problems and maximizing investment. The third level is to solve business problems and challenges using information technology. When it was founded in 1970, Amdahl principally addressed the first level, providing access to appropriate technologies by developing systems that were innovative and broke proprietary monopolies on technology supply.

During the 1980s, Amdahl addressed the second level, becoming a leader in building enterprise-level computing solutions and leveraging IT investment to maximum advantage.

In the last few years, Amdahl has focused on addressing the third level as well. Through a wide range of sophisticated consulting services and the advanced Huron applications environment, Amdahl now provides the tools and the expertise to manage rapid change, process re-engineering, and the development of applications directly targeted to customers’ business opportunities and challenges.

The result is a world-class organization strategically positioned to meet the large-scale, enterprise-wide challenges well into the next millennium.

* September 1991: Amdahl introduces the Expert Services Facility, a new standard feature that will significantly enhance availability and serviceability of the 5995M mainframe computers and 6100 Storage Processors.  
* January 1992: The Company announces a new disk drive module that will boost capacity of a 6390 storage device to 45GB, a 50 percent increase.  
* July 1992: Huron extended to smaller platforms and into the Open Systems environment. It can now be used with UTS, and with workstations running Unix. Data and applications in Unix can now be fully bridged at peer to peer level with data and applications within MVS and VM environments.  
* September 1992: Enterprise File Manager (EFM) introduced, a high capacity automated open system that centrally stores and manages data in heterogeneous computing environments.
Partnerships and Alliances

Since the company was established, Amdahl has striven to build long term partnerships with key technology partners.

• Fujitsu

Amdahl shares a unique relationship with Fujitsu Limited of Japan. Fujitsu was an early investor in Amdahl and is now its largest shareholder. The two companies share R&D efforts in several product areas, and Fujitsu supplies semiconductors, components, subassemblies, and, in some cases, complete products built to Amdahl specifications. Fujitsu also distributes Amdahl products in Japan, Brazil, South Korea and Malaysia.

• Electronic Data Systems (EDS)

In June of 1993, Amdahl formed a strategic joint venture with Electronic Data Systems (EDS) - the Antares Alliance Group.

Antares owns and develops the Huron advanced applications environment, while Amdahl and EDS jointly market it. The company is currently owned 80 per cent by Amdahl, and 20 per cent by EDS.

• Sun Microsystems

As part of the comprehensive alliance between Amdahl and Sun Microsystems, Amdahl has extended SunSoft's Solaris operating environment to better meet the needs of the high-end commercial server market. Designed specifically for use with large-scale commercial applications, Amdahl's A+ Edition exploits the SPARC V8 multi-processor architecture optimizing Solaris® response time, capacity and throughput on Sun's SPARCserver 1000s and SPARCcenter 2000s.

Additional alliances and partnerships include:

- Cray
- IBI
- ICL
- Information Builders
- Knowledge Pool
- Oracle

- October 1992: UTS Release 4 announced.  • February 1993: Amdahl boosts performance of the base models of its 5995M series of mainframes by up to 28 percent and expands the series to eight models. The four new models are the 5995-7670M seven-way, 5995-6760M five-way, and 5995-4670M four-way multi-processor and the 5995-2570M dual processor. • June 1993: Formation of the Antares Alliance Group with EDS. • September 1993: Alliance with Sun Microsystems for Amdahl to market, service and support several midrange Unix servers. • March 1994: Creation of alliance with Oracle, nCUBE and Information Builders to develop the Xplorer 2000 Series of massively parallel processing database servers. Also, an alliance was formed with Racal-Guardian to offer a full line of data security products for large systems. • February 1995: Amdahl installs the first three 5995-12670M 12-way multiprocessors, each capable of delivering 500 MIPS of processing power. Amdahl also introduces the SPARCserver 6400E Enterprise Server for large scale mission-critical applications. KnowledgePool is created through a strategic alliance with Fujitsu and Peritas.
Amdahl Corporation (AMEX: AMH) is headquartered in Sunnyvale, California, and has offices located worldwide. For more information about Amdahl and its products and services, write to:

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(408) 746 6076